

Disposable Hemocytometer

System Neubauer Improved

DHC-N01

# **NanoEntek**

## Introduction

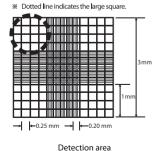
The C-Chip (DHC-N01) is a disposable plastic hemocytometer used for manual cell counting. It consists of surface-patterned two enclosed chambers with two ports for sample injection (Fig. 2).

The DHC-N01 grid pattern is exactly same as the Neubauer Improved. It consists of 9 large squares, each measuring  $1 \times 1$  mm, and the depth of the chamber is 0.1 mm. Each square has a total volume of 0.1 mm<sup>3</sup> or  $10^{-4}$  cm<sup>3</sup> (Fig. 1).

The central square is divided into 25 small squares with triple lines and four corner squares are divided into 16 small squares.

Figure 1 Grid pattern

Figure 2 DHC-N01



Sample injection area

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## Counting with C-Chip

## A. General Methods

- 1. Mix the samples well.
- 2. Load 10 µL of sample into the sample injection area in Fig. 2, so that it fills the chamber by capillary action.
- 3. Count the cells under the microscope.

Cells per mL = average count per square x dilution factor x volume factor

## B. Mammalian cell counting

- 1. Treat the cell samples with trypsin-EDTA.
- 2. Carefully remove the supernatant with a pipette tip without disturbing the pellet.
- 3. Add an appropriate volume of growth media or PBS to dilute to a final concentration of 5 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/mL to 5 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/mL.
- 4. Thoroughly re-suspend the cell pellet with a pipette
- 5. Check visually if there are any cell clumps or agglomerates.
- 6. Load 10 µL of sample into the sample injection area in Fig. 2.
- 7. Count the cells in 5 large squares.

Cells per mL =

<u>cells in 5 large squares</u> x dilution factor x 10<sup>4</sup> (volume factor)

5

#### Unpacking

When you receive the C-Chip (DHC-N01) for the first time, you will find the following components in your package.

Disposable hemocytometer Instruction manual

#### **Safety Precautions**

For analyzing hazardous or potential infectious materials:

- Take necessary precautions
- Handle with care
- Dispose in an appropriate way

Long exposure to solvents will cause the slide to warp.

Xylene and toluene based mounting media should be avoided.

Glycerol, gelatin, and other aqueous-based media are recommended.

#### Safety Symbols

The safety symbols on the C-Chip (DHC-N01) are intended to inform you of potential danger or a particular caution. Before use, please read and the consult the guide for the symbols and their meanings.

LOT Batch code (Lot Number)



Consult instructions for use

Do not reuse

NOTE: The C-Chip (DHC-N01) is for **single use** only. **Do not reuse**. It should be used immediately after unsealing. The warranty on the C-Chip included in the conditions of supply is valid for 24 months from the date of manufacturing. The **expiration date** is indicated on the front side of outer hox.

## C. Erythrocyte counting (1:200 dilution)

- 1. Dilute blood using accepted laboratory methods.
- 2. Load 10 µL of diluted sample into the sample injection area in Fig. 2.
- 3. Count the erythrocytes in the 5 small squares (four small corner squares and one small middle square) of the large center square.

r	
I	RBCs per mL =
ı	<u>cells in 5 corner squares</u> $\times 25 \times 200$ (dilution factor) $\times 10^4$ (volumefactor)
I	5

## D. Leukocyte counting (1:20 dilution)

- 1. Dilute blood using accepted laboratory methods.
- 2. Load 10 µL of diluted sample into the sample injection area in Fig. 2.
- 3. Count the leukocytes in the 4 large corner squares.

#### Trouble shooting

In case of poor visibility results,

Carefully load samples into the C-Chip in order to prevent the introduction of **air bubbles.** 

Observe after removing the dust from samples. Adjust the focus of the microscope. Do not rub or touch the pattern.



Grid pattern of Bürker

## DHC-B01

Grid pattern of Bürker-Türk

# DHC-B02

Grid pattern of Fuchs-Rosenthal **DHC-F01** 



DHC-M01



Grid pattern of Bürker

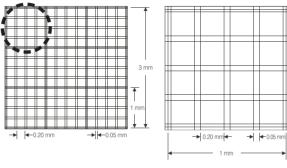
# DHC-B01

The C-Chip (DHC-B01) grid pattern is exactly same as the Bürker. It consists of 9 large squares, each measuring 1 x1 mm, and the depth of the chamber is 0.1 mm. Each square has a total volume of 0.1 mm<sup>3</sup> or 10<sup>-4</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>.

The large squares are subdivided into 16 group squares with 0.2 mm sides. The group squares correspond in size to the Neubauer grid, but have no further subdivisions.

Loading volume =  $10\mu L$ Cells per mL = average count per large square x dilution factor x  $10^4$  (Volume factor)

\* Dotted line indicates the large square.



Grid pattern of DHC-B01

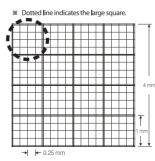
Grid pattern of Fuchs-Rosenthal

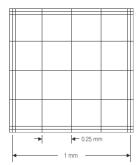
# DHC-F01

The C-Chip (DHC-F01) grid pattern is exactly the same as the Fuchs-Rosenthal. It consists of 16 large squares orientated by triple lines, each measuring  $1 \times 1$  mm, giving a total area  $4 \times 4$  mm.

The depth of each chamber is 0.2 mm, giving a on large square with triple line has a volume of 0.2  $\mu$ L, total volume for counting area of 3.2  $\mu$ L (3.2 mm<sup>3</sup>).

Loading volume = 20μL Cells per mL = average count per large square x dilution factor x 5000 (Volume factor)





Grid pattern of DHC-F01

Grid pattern of Bürker-Türk

# DHC-B02

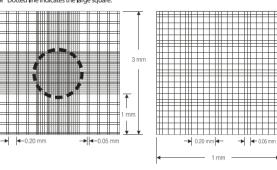
The C-Chip (DHC-B02) grid pattern is exactly same as the Bürker-Türk. It consists of 9 large squares, each measuring 1 x 1 mm and the depth of the chamber is 0.1 mm.

Each square has a total volume of 0.1 mm<sup>3</sup> or 10<sup>-4</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>.

The large squares are subdivided into 16 group squares with 0.2 mm sides. In the central large square, each group is subdivided into 16 mini squares with 0.05 mm sides (= 0.0025 mm<sup>2</sup>).



\* Dotted line indicates the large square.



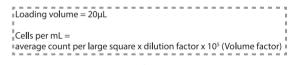
Grid pattern of DHC-B02

## Grid pattern of Malassez

## DHC-M01

The C-Chip (DHC-M01) grid pattern is exactly same as the Malassez. It consists of 25 large squares, each measuring 0.2 x 0.25 mm and the depth of the chamber is 0.2 mm. Each square has a total volume of 0.01 mm<sup>3</sup> or 10<sup>-5</sup> cm<sup>3</sup>.

The large squares are subdivided into 20 small squares with an area of 0.0025 mm<sup>2</sup>.



Grid pattern of DHC-M01